

Japan-ASEAN Economic Co-Creation Forum 2024

Session 3: GX

20 December 2024

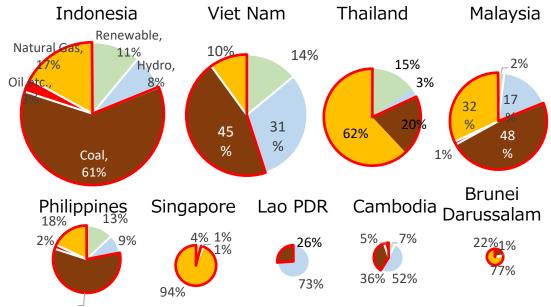
Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry,

Japan

Asian transition, how?

- Although <u>many ASEAN countries</u> have announced their intention for carbon neutrality, many of them heavily <u>depend on coal- and natural gas-fired power generation</u>.
- As the demand for electricity further increases in line with economic growth, <u>it is essential to steadily promote decarbonization in a practical manner.</u> To this end, <u>cooperation through Japanese technology, finance and experiences under AZEC platform are also important</u>.

^{*}The amount of electricity in ASEAN has doubled in the past decade and is expected to triple in the next 3 decades.



(Reference) China: Coal 64%, Natural Gas 3%, India: Coal 72%, Natural Gas 4%

CN goals set by Southeast Asian countries

Country	CN Target
Indonesia	CN by 2060
Viet Nam	CN by 2050
Thailand	CN by 2050
Malaysia	CN by 2050
Philippines	_
Singapore	CN by 2050
Lao PDR	CN by 2050
Cambodia	CN by 2050
Brunei Darussalam	_
Myanmar	CN by 2050

Japan's Approach = Three Principals

Triple breakthrough

simultaneously achieve

- Emissions Reduction
 - Economic Growth
 - Energy Security

Economic Growth Emissions Reduction Energy Security

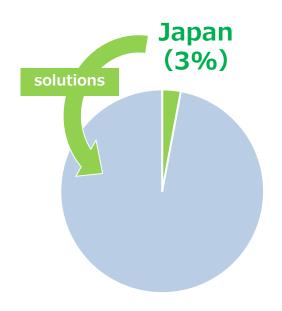
One goal, various pathways

Toward our common goal of achieving net zero, we will make practical energy transitions through various pathways depending on the circumstances of each country.



Solution to the world

Japan will decarbonize itself, but also contribute to global decarbonization by providing solutions outside Japan.



2nd AZEC (Asia Zero Emission Community) Leaders Meeting (Oct. 2024)





"Action Plan for Next Decade" agreed at the Leaders Summit

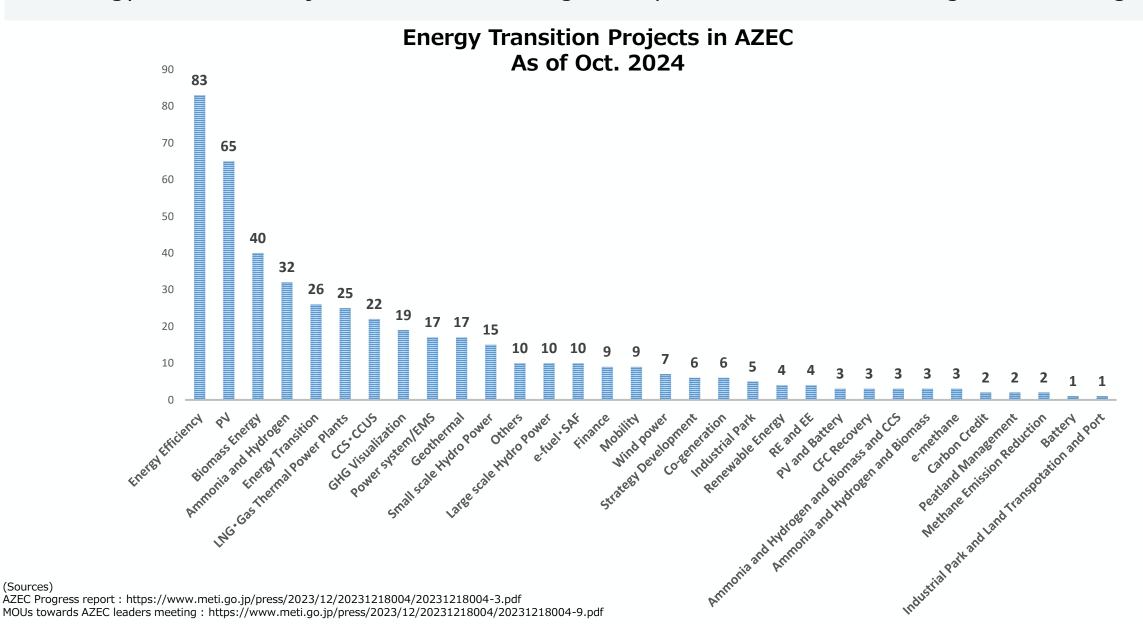
Pillar 1 : Facilitating AZEC solutions

Pillar 2: Initiatives in Power, Transportation and Industry

Pillar 3: Promoting tangible projects

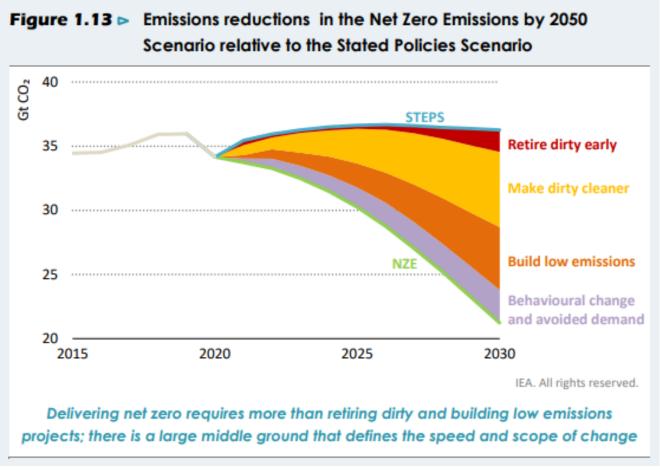
Energy Transition Projects in AZEC

• Energy Transition Projects and MoUs among AZEC partners covers wide range of technologies.

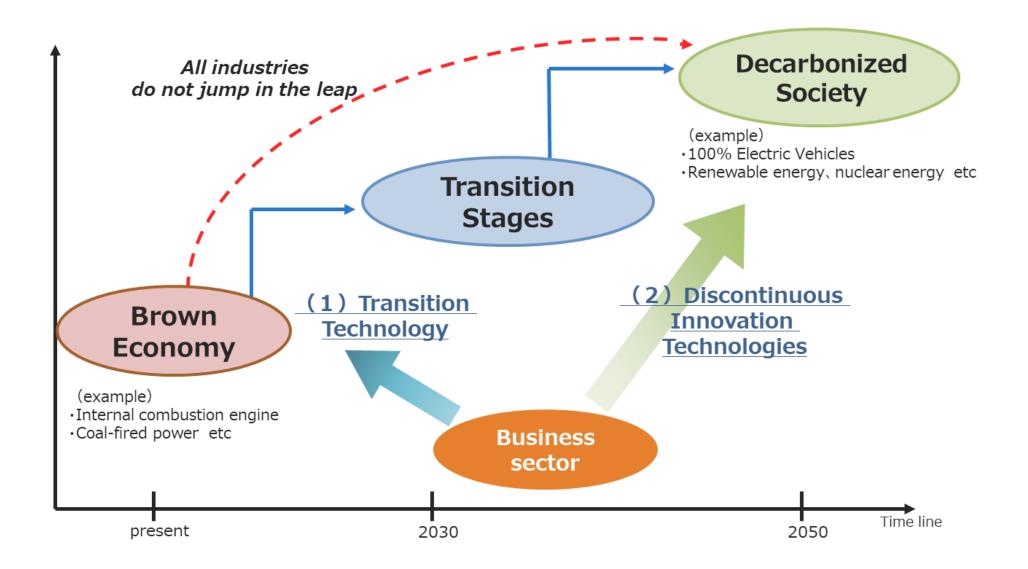


Necessity of Transitional Technologies

- In the World Energy Outlook, 2021 IEA reported that the combination of *i*) retiring from dirty early *ii*) make dirty cleaner *iii*) build low emissions *iv*) behavioral change and avoided demand is essential for filling the gap of STEPS and Net Zero Emission trajectory.
- It is stated that the middle ground of actions that "make dirty cleaner" is crucial in determining the speed and scope of energy transitions, and delivers the largest share of emissions reductions.



What is transition finance?



Japan's 4 step policy tools on Climate Transition Finance

- Although green projects have attracted investment, transition to net zero requires more.
- Companies are expected to show their credible transition strategy.
- GOJ has promoted Climate Transition Finance for the last 3 years for the private issuers and will then be a giant issuer of Japan Climate Transition Bond.

1. Basic Guidelines

✓ FSA, MOE and METI establish transition finance guidelines, in line with ICMA transition handbook.



2. Sector Roadmaps

- ✓ Roadmaps for transition in high-emission sectors iron & steel, chemical, electricity, gas, oil, cement and paper & pulp, and automobiles.
- ✓ Can be used to formulate and evaluate strategies.

3. Model Projects

- ✓ 21 model projects from shipping, steel, aviation, chemical, energy and heavy industry sectors.
- ✓ The market of transition finance has reached 1 trillion yen cumulatively.

4. Follow-up Guidance

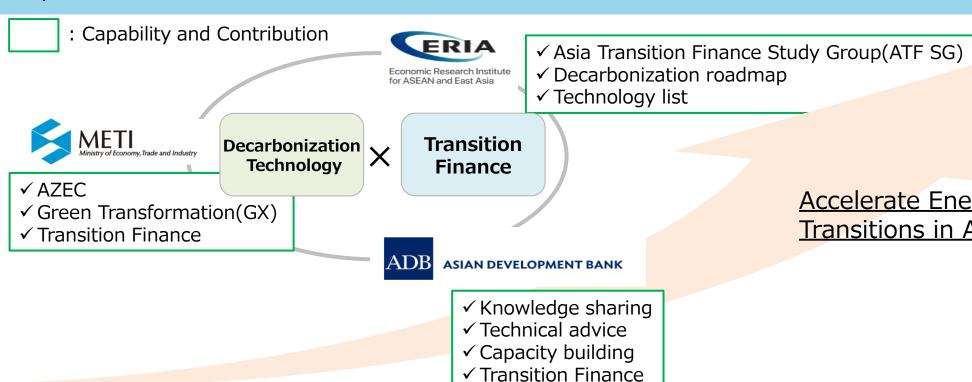
 ✓ Guidance for financiers (especially bond issuers)
 Released in June 2023.



MOC among METI, ADB, and ERIA on Technology and Transition Finance for Practical Energy Transition in Asia (signed on Aug. 21st, 2024)



- **Outline**: The MOC is to confirm the future collaboration among METI, ADB, and ERIA on technology and transition finance for whole-of-economy transitions in Asia including the energy sector.
- **Prospects**: With a focus on technology and transition finance as key enablers, the three parties will deepen mutual understanding, identify and promote tangible future cooperations to accelerate the whole-of-economy transitions. The three parties will hold regular working groups to promote the cooperation.



Accelerate Energy Transitions in Asia